Multiple Choice (60 %): Write the only correct or best answer in the bracket.

1. Who was the American National Security Advisor that made a secretive visit to the People’s Republic of China, paving way for President Nixon’s subsequent historic trip to that country?
   A. Zbigniew Brzezinski
   B. Brent Scowcroft
   C. Samuel Berger
   D. Henry Kissinger

2. Which American President established diplomatic relations with the PRC?
   A. Richard Nixon
   B. Gerald Ford
   C. Jimmy Carter
   D. Ronald Reagan

3. Which of the following documents contained the famous diplomatic fiction – “The United States acknowledges that all Chinese on either side of the Taiwan Strait maintain there is but one China and that Taiwan is a part of China.” – that was the origin of the so-called One China policy and allowed the U.S. and the PRC to “agree to disagree” on the Taiwan issue.
   A. The Shanghai Communiqué (February 27, 1972)
   B. Joint Communiqué on the Establishment of Diplomatic Relations (January 1, 1979)
   C. Joint Communiqué on Arms Sales to Taiwan (August 17, 1982)
   D. The Taiwan Relations Act (April 10, 1979)

4. Who was China’s “paramount leader” that was the main architect of China’s policies of economic reform and opening to the West in the 1980s?
   A. Mao Zedong (Mao Tse-tung)
   B. Zhou Enlai (Chou En-lai)
   C. Deng Xiaoping (Teng Hsiao-p’ing)
   D. Jiang Zemin (Chiang Tse-min)

5. Which of the following documents declared that “It is the policy of the United States to consider any effort to determine the future of Taiwan by other than peaceful means, including by boycotts or embargoes, a threat to the peace and security of the Western Pacific area and of grave concern to the United States” – the so-called policy of “strategic ambiguity” – and mandated the U.S. to provide Taiwan arms for self-defense?
   A. The Shanghai Communiqué (February 27, 1972)
   B. Joint Communiqué on the Establishment of Diplomatic Relations (January 1, 1979)
   C. Joint Communiqué on Arms Sales to Taiwan (August 17, 1982)
   D. The Taiwan Relations Act (April 10, 1979)

6. Which American President attempted and then abandoned the policy of linking China’s MFN trade status and its human rights records?
   A. George Bush
   B. Bill Clinton
   C. Ronald Reagan
   D. Richard Nixon

7. Who was the only American official that had served as both America’s envoy to Taiwan and ambassador to China?
   A. Stapleton Roy
   B. Winston Lord
   C. James Lilley
   D. James Sasser
8 (     ) Which Chinese dissident was imprisoned for 14 ½ years after the 1978 Democracy Wall Movement, briefly released in 1993, rearrested in 1994, and eventually exiled to the U.S. in late 1997? (This person had actually visited UR in February 1999. ☺)
   A  Wei Jingsheng
   B  Fang Lizhi
   C  Zhao Haiqing
   D  Wan Dan

9 (     ) Which American President reversed a ten-year ban by approving the sale of 150 F-16 fighters to Taiwan?
   A  Ronald Reagan
   B  Bill Clinton
   C  George Bush
   D  Jimmy Carter

10 (   ) During the __________ Administration, U.S.-China relations entered “the golden years” as more Chinese students came to study in the U.S. and more Americans believed that, under reformist leaders, China was becoming more open and liberalized.
   A  Nixon
   B  Carter
   C  Reagan
   D  Bush

11 (    ) Which American President dispatched two aircraft carrier battle groups to the waters off Taiwan – in the largest show of naval power since the Vietnam War -- in response to China’s missile “tests” intended to intimidate Taiwan voters during their first direct popular presidential election?
   A  Bill Clinton
   B  George Bush
   C  Dwight Eisenhower
   D  Harry Truman

12 The United States currently has treaties of alliance with all of the following Asia-Pacific countries, except _________.
   A  Japan
   B  Republic of Korea
   C  The Philippines
   D  Australia

13 During the Cold War era, in which regions of the world did the U.S. fight two wars against proxy states of the Soviet Union that were also supported by the PRC?
   A  Europe
   B  Asia
   C  Africa
   D  Middle East

14 Which Asian country launched a missile over Japanese air space in 1998, and was often cited as a threat to U.S. national security and a reason for the U.S. to develop a missile defense system?
   A  Iran
   B  Pakistan
   C  North Korea
   D  Iraq

15 Which of the following conducted nuclear tests in 1998, seeking to be recognized as the newest members of the world’s Nuclear Club?
   A  India
   B  North Korea
   C  Pakistan
   D  A and C
II  **Matching (40 %):** Match the items on the left column with the items on the right column. Write answers **in the brackets** (not connecting lines).

1. (     ) MTCR  
2. (     ) MFN  
3. (     ) PLA  
4. (     ) COCOM  
5. (     ) CCP  
6. (     ) NMD  
7. (     ) NATO  
8. (     ) PNTR  
9. (     ) SALT  
10. (     ) WTO

A. acronym for China’s armed forces
B. acronym for China’s ruling party (communist party)
C. post-World War II U.S.-led alliance with European states
D. arms control treaties between the Superpowers during the Cold War
E. a committee composed of Western countries that restricted high-technology sales to Communist countries during the Cold War
F. allowed Chinese goods to enter the U.S. at the most preferential tariffs
G. passed by the U.S. Senate recently
H. the idea of developing a “shield” to protect U.S. soil from missile attacks
I. a body that China had sought membership for 14 years
J. a multilateral treaty aiming at curbing exports of missiles with a range of over 300 kilometers (about 185 miles) or a payload of over 1,100 pounds