

8)

$$F = ma = -Cx$$

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -Cx$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -\frac{C}{m}x$$

$$= -\omega^2 x$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{C}{m}}$$

$$\text{let } x(t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n t^n = a_0 + a_1 t + a_2 t^2 + a_3 t^3 + \dots$$

Then

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = a_1 + 2a_2 t + 3a_3 t^2 + 4a_4 t^3 + \dots$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = 2a_2 + 2 \cdot 3a_3 t + 3 \cdot 4a_4 t^2 + 4 \cdot 5a_5 t^3 + \dots$$

$$2a_2 + 2 \cdot 3a_3 t + 3 \cdot 4a_4 t^2 + 4 \cdot 5a_5 t^3 + \dots =$$

$$-\omega^2 [a_0 + a_1 t + a_2 t^2 + a_3 t^3 + \dots]$$

$$[2a_2 + \omega^2 a_0] t^0 +$$

$$[2 \cdot 3a_3 + \omega^2 a_1] t +$$

$$[3 \cdot 4a_4 + \omega^2 a_2] t^2 +$$

$$[4 \cdot 5a_5 + \omega^2 a_3] t^3 + \dots = 0$$

the n^{th} term will be

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(5)

$$(n+1)(n+2)a_{n+2} + \omega^2 a_n = 0$$

$$\frac{a_{n+2}}{a_n} = - \frac{\omega^2}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$

Choice #1 let $a_0 = 0$ $a_1 = \omega$

$$a_n = 0 \quad n = 0, 2, 4, \dots$$

$$a_{n+2} = - \frac{\omega^2}{(n+1)(n+2)} a_n \quad n = 1, 3, 5, \dots$$

| n | a_n | a_{n+2} |
|-----|--------------------|--|
| 1 | ω | $-\omega^3/2 \cdot 3$ |
| 3 | $-\omega^3/3!$ | $\omega^5/2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5$ |
| 5 | $\omega^5/5!$ | $-\omega^7/2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7$ |
| 7 | $-\omega^7/7!$ | $\omega^9/2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9$ |
| 9 | $\omega^9/9!$ | $-\omega^{11}/11!$ |
| 11 | $-\omega^{11}/11!$ | $\omega^{13}/13!$ |

$$x(t) = \omega t - \frac{\omega^3 t^3}{3!} + \frac{\omega^5 t^5}{5!} - \frac{\omega^7 t^7}{7!} + \frac{\omega^9 t^9}{9!} - \frac{\omega^{11} t^{11}}{11!} + \dots$$

$$\boxed{x(t) = \sin \omega t}$$

Choice # 2 let $a_1 = 0$ $a_0 = 1$

$$\therefore a_n = 0 \quad n = 1, 3, 5, 7, \dots$$

$$a_{n+2} = - \frac{\omega^2}{(n+1)(n+2)} a_n$$

| n | a_n | a_{n+2} |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | 1 | $-\omega^2/1.2$ |
| 2 | $-\omega^2/2!$ | $+\omega^4/1.2.3.4$ |
| 4 | $\omega^4/4!$ | $-\omega^6/1.2.3.4.5.6$ |
| 6 | $-\omega^6/6!$ | |
| 8 | $\omega^8/8!$ | |
| 10 | $\omega^{10}/10!$ | |

$$\therefore \chi(t) = 1 - \frac{\omega^2 t^2}{2!} + \frac{\omega^4 t^4}{4!} - \frac{\omega^6 t^6}{6!} + \frac{\omega^8 t^8}{8!} - \frac{\omega^{10} t^{10}}{10!} + \dots$$

$$\chi(t) = \cos \omega t$$



$$x(t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n t^n$$

$$= a_0 + a_1 t - \frac{\omega^2}{1 \cdot 2} a_0 t^2 - \frac{\omega^2}{2 \cdot 3} a_1 t^3 - \frac{\omega^2}{3 \cdot 4} a_2 t^4 - \frac{\omega^2}{4 \cdot 5} a_3 t^5 + \dots$$

$$= a_0 + a_1 t - \frac{\omega^2}{1 \cdot 2} t^2 - \frac{\omega^2}{2 \cdot 3} a_1 t^3 - \frac{\omega^2}{3 \cdot 4} \left(-\frac{\omega^2}{1 \cdot 2} \right) a_0 t^4 - \frac{\omega^2}{4 \cdot 5} \left(-\frac{\omega^2}{2 \cdot 3} a_1 \right) t^5 + \dots$$

$$= \left\{ a_0 - \frac{\omega^2}{1 \cdot 2} a_0 t^2 + \frac{\omega^4}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} a_0 t^4 + \dots \right\} +$$

$$\left\{ a_1 t - \frac{\omega^2}{2 \cdot 3} a_1 t^3 + \frac{\omega^4}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} a_1 t^5 + \dots \right\}$$

$$= a_0 \left\{ 1 - \frac{\omega^2}{1 \cdot 2} t^2 + \frac{\omega^4}{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} t^4 - \dots \right\}$$

+

$$a_1 \left\{ t - \frac{\omega^2}{2 \cdot 3} t^3 + \frac{\omega^4}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} t^5 + \dots \right\}$$

$$= \sin \omega t + \cos \omega t \quad \text{for } a_0 = 1, a_1 = \omega$$