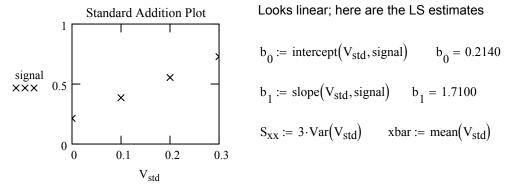
## Example: Multiple Standard Addtions

$$\begin{split} & g_{sample} \coloneqq 3.12 & \text{mass of sample, in g} \\ & C_{std} \coloneqq 300.0 & \text{conc of added standard, in ppm} \\ & V_a \coloneqq 25 & \text{volume of sample solutions, in mL} \\ & V_{std} \coloneqq \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0.1 & 0.2 & 0.3 \end{pmatrix}^T & \text{signal} \coloneqq \begin{pmatrix} 0.214 & 0.386 & 0.554 & 0.728 \end{pmatrix}^T & \text{std addition data} \end{split}$$

Since all the sample solutions were diluted to the same volume, there is no need to correct the signal for dilution. Let's take a look at the standard addition plot (to verify linearity).



Point Estimate of Analyte Concentration:

$$Vprime := \frac{b_0}{b_1} \qquad Vprime = 0.1251 \qquad C_a := C_{std} \cdot \frac{Vprime}{V_a} \qquad C_a = 1.5018 \qquad \text{concentration in sample} \\ \mu g_{analyte} := C_a \cdot \frac{25}{5} \cdot 100 \qquad \mu g_{analyte} = 750.8772 \qquad \text{mass of analyte in chewing gum sample, in ug} \\ \text{conc} := \frac{\mu g_{analyte}}{V_a} \qquad \text{conc} = 240.6658 \qquad \text{concentration of analyte in original sample, in ppm} \end{cases}$$

## gsample

1.

## Std Error of Point Estimate, from Residuals

$$fit := b_1 \cdot V_{std} + b_0 \qquad res := signal - fit \qquad s_{res} := \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{res}^{res}} \qquad s_{res} = 1.7321 \times 10^{-3}$$
$$s(Vprime) := \frac{s_{res}}{b_1} \cdot \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{(Vprime + xbar)^2}{S_{xx}}} \qquad s(Vprime) = 1.6840 \times 10^{-3} \qquad std error of Vprime$$

 $se_{Ca} := s(Vprime) \cdot \frac{C_{std}}{V_a} \qquad se_{Ca} = 0.0202 \quad \text{std error of solution point estimate, in ppm}$   $se := se_{Ca} \cdot \frac{25}{5} \cdot \frac{100}{g_{sample}} \qquad se = 3.2385 \quad \text{standard error of analyte conc estimate in original sample, in ppm}$   $t := qt(.975, 2) \qquad t = 4.3027 \qquad t \cdot se = 13.9340 \quad \text{width of 95\% Cl}$ 

The concentration of aluminum in the chewing gum is 241  $\pm$  14 ppm (95% CL)